State of South Dakota

SEVENTY-FIFTH SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2000

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HOUSE BILL NO. 1283

Introduced by: Representatives Brooks, Hennies, and Kooistra and Senators Munson (David), Albers, and Daugaard

- 1 FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to clarify when a defendant may be granted court-appointed
- 2 counsel for certain misdemeanor offenses.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 4 Section 1. That § 23A-40-6.1 be amended to read as follows:
 - 23A-40-6.1. At the time of arraignment for a violation of a Class 2 misdemeanor or a violation of an ordinance or at the time of the hearing for a petty offense, the circuit court judge or magistrate may conclude and state on the record, in the defendant's presence, that the defendant will not be deprived of his liberty if he is convicted. The circuit court judge's or magistrate's statement that the defendant will not be deprived of his liberty if he is convicted shall be made before the defendant enters his a plea. If the defendant is not in custody and if the court has concluded that he the defendant will not be deprived of his liberty if he is convicted, an indigent defendant charged with violating a Class 2 misdemeanor, an ordinance not having a penalty greater than a Class 2 misdemeanor or a petty offense, is not entitled to court assigned counsel. For the purposes of this section, a defendant is not deprived of liberty if a circuit court judge or magistrate elects to impose a jail sentence, suspended upon conditions, if the suspended jail sentence does not exceed thirty days in length. However, if the suspended jail sentence is

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- 1 subject to revocation proceedings at a later date, the defendant is entitled to court-appointed
- 2 <u>counsel for those proceedings.</u>